

UNITED STATES PARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office

Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS

Washington, D.C. 20231

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	AT	TORNEY DOCKET NO.
		7	EXAMINER	
		[ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			DATE MAILED:	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Office Action Summary

Application No. 08/952,996

A

Applic (s

Leijon et al.

Examiner

Enad, Elvin

Group Art Unit 2834

X Responsive to communication(s) filed on Aug 4, 2000	<u> </u>						
This action is FINAL .							
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.							
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failu application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Exte 37 CFR 1.136(a).	ure to respond within the period for response will cause the						
Disposition of Claims							
X Claim(s) 1-29 and 31-44	is/are pending in the application.						
Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
Claim(s)							
X Claim(s) 1-29 and 31-44							
Claim(s)							
	are subject to restriction or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drag							
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are ob							
The proposed drawing correction, filed on	is approved disapproved.						
The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	r.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign prior	rity under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).						
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED copie	es of the priority documents have been						
received.							
received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial							
received in this national stage application from	the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
*Certified copies not received:							
$oxedsymbol{oxed}$ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic pr	riority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).						
Attachment(s)							
X. Notice of References Cited, PTO-892							
Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper	er No(s).						
Interview Summary, PTO-413	2.040						
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTC	J-948						
Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152							
SEE OFFICE ACTION (ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES						

Page 2

Application/Control Number: 08/952,996

Art Unit: 2834

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Prosecution Application

1. The request filed on August 4, 2000, for a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) under 37 CFR 1.53(d) based on parent Application No. 08/952,996 is acceptable and a CPA has been established. An action on the CPA follows.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-9,11,15-29,31 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant Disclosed Prior Art Figure 3 in view of Shildneck (USP 3,014,139) and further in view of Elton et al. (USP 5,036,165).

Prior art figure 3 discloses the claimed invention except for having a winding comprising of an insulation system and at least two semiconducting layers, the layers having substantially the same coefficient of thermal expansion.

Shildneck teaches that it is known to use a cable winding in a dynamo-electric machine. Shildneck discloses an improved continuous winding for an electromagnetic device such as a large turbine-driven generator, the winding employing an improved form of flexible insulated conductor for the laminated armature core of the dynamo-electric machine. In addition, Elton et al. teach

Application/Control Number: 08/952,996 Page 3

Art Unit: 2834

that it is known to have an electrical cable comprising an internal grading layer of semi-conducting pyrolyzed glass fiber layer in electrical contact with the cable conductor. In another form of embodiment, Elton et al. teach an electrical cable provided with an exterior layer of internal grading layer of semi-conducting pyrolyzed glass fiber layer in contact with an exterior cable insulator with a predetermined reference potential.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used the cable assembly of Shildneck having semiconducting layers as taught by Elton et al. to the device as disclosed in prior art figure 3 since such a modification according to Elton et al. would provide a conductor which prohibits the development of corona discharge.

- 4. In regard to forming the semiconducting layer with the same coefficient of thermal expansion as that of the insulation layer, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have formed these layers with similar coefficients since it was known in the art that the expansion rate of the two layers would be the same and this is desirable in order to prevent cracking of the insulation and wear between the two.
- 5. Claims 10 and 33-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant Disclose prior art Figure 3 in view of Shildneck (USP 3,014,139) and Elton et al. (USP 5,036,165) and further in view of Takaoka et al. (USP 5,094,703).

Application/Control Number: 08/952,996 Page 4

Art Unit: 2834

Prior art figure 3, Shildneck and Elton et al. disclose the claimed invention except for a teaching of having the strands of the electrical conductor comprised of insulated and uninsulated windings.

Takaoka et al., as seen in figures 7,8,10 and 11 teach having a stranded conductor for an electrical cable comprising a combination of uninsulated stranded conductor and an insulated stranded conductor.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used the teaching of Takaoka et al. having insulated and uninsulated electrical conductor strands and to have modified the device of Elton et al. since such a modification would reduce the amount of insulation needed minimizing assembly and production costs.

6. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant Disclose prior art Figure 3 in view of Shildneck (USP 3,014,139) and Elton et al. (USP 5,036,165) and further in view of Breitenbach et al. (USP 4,785,138).

Prior art figure 3 and Elton et al. disclose the claimed invention except for a teaching of having metal screen and sheath in the cable.

Breitenbach et al. teach that it is known to utilize metal screen and sheath in the cable. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to used the arrangement of Breitenbach et al. to the device of as disclosed by Elton et al. since such a modification according to Breitenbach et al. in column 4, lines 59-69 would provide

Application/Control Number: 08/952,996 Page 5

Art Unit: 2834

mechanical protection and electrical shield for the cable.

7. Claims 13 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant Disclose prior art Figure 3 in view of Shildneck (USP 3,014,139) and Elton et al. (USP 5,036,165) and further in view Lauw (USP 4,982,147).

Prior art figure 3 and Elton et al. disclose the claimed invention except for a teaching of having or not having a step-up transformer in the system device.

Lauw in column 6, lines 50-52 teach that use of transformers to step-up or step down the voltage are contingent upon the requirements of the application. In this instant application, having a voltage higher than 30kV-36kV, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to one having ordinary skill in the art to utilize a step-up transformer in order to increase and meet the required voltage in the application.

Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Elvin Enad whose telephone number is (703) 308-7619. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:00AM to 4:00PM.

Art Unit: 2834

9. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor. Nestor Ramirez, can be reached on (703) 308-1371. The fax phone number for this Tech Center is (703) 305-3431(32).

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

Elvin Enad

Primary Examiner

Art Unit 2834

09.05.2000